## WATER SERVICE SIZING GUIDE FOR RESIDENTIAL

- For houses up to 1 ½ bath a ¾ inch water service is acceptable.
- For houses 2 bath up to and including 3 ½ bathrooms, a one inch water service shall be required.
- Houses 4 bathrooms and larger shall be sized according to the following:

Take the value of 9 wfsu (for the first 3 bathrooms) and add the other items (kitchen sink, washer, dishwasher, hose bibs, sinks and any other fixture out side of the bathroom groups). Use table 6-4 and 6-5 to obtain this wsfu value. Regarding the kitchen sink and dishwasher, give them a combined value of 2. If there is a laundry tub, then the washer & laundry tub would have a combined wsfu of 5. Then add up the wsfu of the additional bathrooms (over the first 3).

## Example:

4 ½ baths; k.s.w/ dw; washer w/ laundry tub; bar sink; 4 hb's.

```
First 3 baths =
(plus additional shower in master bath) =
kitchen group =
                                             2
                                             5
Laundry group =
Bar sink =
                                              1
                                             7.5
Additional bathroom =
                                             3.5
Additional \frac{1}{2} bath =
4 \text{ HB's} =
                                             5.5
                                             35.5 wsfu
Total =
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Note:  $\frac{3}{4}$  meter with  $\frac{11}{2}$ " service = 48 wsfu  $\frac{3}{4}$  meter with 2" service = 55 wsfu

- For typical houses with typical front yard setbacks, use the 100ft column of the over 60 psi section of Table 6-5.
- For houses on larger or oversized lots with greater setbacks, get the length from meter to furtherest fixture in house, and use that column.
- The initial line size shall be carried to the first manifold where the fixture units are split and/or reduced.

Reference: Appendix L4.1 – L4.3 and Table L-1. See note 1.